

**ANNUAL ACTION PLAN: 2012-13 (APRIL 2012 TO MARCH 2013)**

KVK, Phek, Nagaland

**PART – I**

**(GENERAL INFORMATION)**

**1. General information about the KVK**

**Name and address of KVK with Phone, Fax and E-mail\***

Complete postal address with Pin Code	Telephone	Fax	E mail
Krishi Vigyan Kendra (NRCM), Village- Porba, P.O-Pfutsero, District - Phek, Nagaland-797107.	03865-281436	03865-281436	kvkphek@gmail.com www.kvkphek.org.in

**Name and address of host organization with Phone, Fax and E-mail\***

Complete postal address with Pin Code	Telephone	Fax	E mail
NRC on Mithun, Jhamapani, Medziphema, Nagaland.	03862-247341	03862-247341	nrcmithun@mailcity.com www.nrcmithun.res.in

**Name of the Programme Coordinator with Landline & Mobile No\***

Name of PC	Contacts		
	Residence	Mobile	E mail
Dr. R.K.Singh	Village- Porba, P.O-Pfutsero, District - Phek, Nagaland-797107	09436606353	rksingh3@gmail.com

*\* = Mandatory and to be provided without fail.*

**Year of sanction of KVK:2003**

**Scientific Staff Position\* (As on 31<sup>st</sup> January, 2012)**

No.	Sanctioned posts	Name of the incumbent	Designation	Discipline	Date of joining	Permanent /Temporary
1	Programme Coordinator	Dr. R.K.Singh	Programme Coordinator	Animal Science	07.12.08	Permanent
2	Subject Matter Specialist	Mr.Rinku Bharali	SMS	Horticulture	17.08.06	Permanent
3	Subject Matter Specialist	T.Esther Longkumer	SMS	Soil Science	01.08.06	Permanent
4	Subject Matter Specialist	Hannah K. Asangla	SMS	Agronomy	01.08.06	Permanent
5	Subject Matter Specialist	Er. Chitrasen Lairenjam	SMS	Agril Engg.	10.08.06	Permanent
6	Subject Matter Specialist	Dr. Debojyoti Borkotoky	SMS	Animal Science	01/11/2010	Permanent
7	Subject Matter Specialist	Mrs. Liza Barua Bharali	SMS	Plant Protection	23.11.09	Permanent

8	Programme Assistant	Virginia Thabah	Programme Asst.	Home Science	21.08.06	Permanent
9	Computer Programmer	Er. Nukusa T. Vadeo	Computer Programmer	Computer Engg.	01.08.06	Permanent
10	Farm Manager	Keniseto Chucha	Farm Manager	Horticulture	10.11.09	Permanent

\* = The scientific staff position should reflect in the quantity and quality of all programmes proposed by KVK in the action plan

Total land with KVK (in ha): 14.94

No.	Item	Area (ha)
1	Under Buildings	0.06
2	Under Demonstration Units	Nil
3	Under Crops	0.2
4	Orchard/Agro-forestry	1.8
5	Others	14.94

SAC meetings proposed for the year: 2012-13

No.	Proposed Date/Month	Expected Participants	Salient Action Points
1	April 2012	25	Evaluation of SRI technology Popularization of high yielding variety of Maize Varietals evaluation of Kiwi Popularization of Oyster Mushroom Popularization of Protected cultivation technology Farm mechanization Disease and feeding management of livestock Post harvest management of of vegetables and fruits Integrated pest and disease management vegetable
2	Nov 2012	25	Popularization of rapseed Popularization of field pea Popularization of HYV of rabi vegetables Demonstration on sprinkler irrigation during winter Integrated pest and disease management Integrated Nutrient Management Disease and feeding management of livestock Post harvest management of of vegetables and fruits

Details of district (2012-13)

Major farming systems existing in the district\* (based on the study made by the KVK)

No	Farming systems identified
1.	Jhum
2.	Pani kheti
3.	Zabo system
4.	Agrisilvipastoral system

\* = the programmes proposed by KVK should be matching with the identified farming systems

### Description of Agro-climatic Zone (based on soil and topography)

No	Agro-climatic Zone	Characteristics
1.	Sub temperate I Hill Zone (1000-1500m MSL)	High hills to medium hills with steep slope and undulating topography. Soils are rich in organic matter and ranges from sandy loam to clay loam
2.	Sub Alpine temperate zone (1500-3500m MSL)	High hills with steep terrains and deep gorges. Soils ranges are clay to clay loam
3.	Mild temperate Hill zone (200-800m MSL)	Mid hills to low hills with gentle slopes. Soils ranges from sandy loam to clay

### Description of major agro ecological situations (based on soil and topography)

No	Agro ecological situation	Characteristics
1	AES-I (500-1000 meters msl)	Foot hills with gentle slope having terraces suitable for paddy cultivation. Soil is basically clay loam to clay
2.	AES-II (1000-1500 meters msl)	Moderate hills with gentle slope have been observed. Soil is loamy in nature.
3.	AES-III (above1500 meters msl)	Topography is high hills with moderate to steep slopes. Soil is dominantly Sandy loam to clay loam
1	AES-I (500-1000 meters msl)	Foot hills with gentle slope having terraces suitable for paddy cultivation. Soil is basically clay loam to clay

### Details of Operational area / Villages

No	Taluk	Name of the block	Name of the village	Major crops & enterprises	Major problem identified	Identified Thrust Areas
1	Pfutsero	Pfutsero	Porba	Paddy	Poor yield of local variety. Degrading soil fertility Stem borer infestation More time and labour consumption in weeding and thrashing of paddy Poor viability of seeds and loss due to improper storage Soil erosion, loss of fertility and degradation	Introduction of high yielding varieties of paddy suitable for panikheti. Introduction of biofertilizers e.g.Rhizobium, Azotobacter, Azospirillum, Blue green algae, Azolla for nutrient management Use of suitable plant protection measures Introduction of improved paddy weeders and thrashers.
				Maize	Poor yield and low quality of local variety Improper plant spacing with higher seed rate Drudgery in shelling of maize	Introduction of improved storage structure for cereals. Proper design of terrace, water harvesting, diversion, developing irrigation and drainage system for proper management of watershed area.
				Potato	Low yield Non availability of quality planting material Cut worm, Red ants	Introduction of high yielding/hybride varieties Proper plant geometry and seed rate Use of maize shellers
				Banana	Cultivation of wild type low quality banana cultivars. Improper training of plants.	
				Passion fruit	Improper planting, training and pruning Insect pest and disease infestation. Post harvest losses of fruits and vegetables	Use of high yielding varieties and adoption of Integrated nutrient management to maintain the fertility status of soil.
				Pear, Peach	Heavy weed infestation in the	Introduction of TPS technology

				<p>&amp; plum</p> <p>orchards Low yield and quality of pear peach and plum.</p> <p>Cabbage</p> <p>Improper nursery raising technique Insect and pest infestation. Mix cultivation resulting in hindrance for intercultural operations.</p> <p>Ginger</p> <p>Rotting in field and as well as during storage</p> <p>Poultry</p> <p>Low production performance of existing birds No provision of night shelter and unhygienic dwellings Improper feeding</p> <p>Piggery</p> <p>High epidemics of RD</p> <p>Mithun</p> <p>Low production performance of local breeds Non-availability of piglets in the locality Tendency of the farmers to produce pork on zero to negligible inputs</p> <p>Cattle</p> <p>High incidence of disease occurrence like FMD Compensation of mineral deficiency in high hill fodders by providing common salt only Parasitic infestation in young calves</p> <p>Fishery</p> <p>Poor milk production of local breed, Thotho</p> <p>Epidemics of FMD Parasitic infestation in young calves</p> <p>Skin disease in local breed Poor production of local fish</p>	<p>Use of suitable plant protection measures</p> <p>Introduction of high quality of banana cultivar such as Grand naine</p> <p>Improved production technology of passion fruit. Use of suitable plant protection measures</p> <p>Development capabilities of rural youth and women in the field of fruits and vegetables processing and value addition.</p> <p>Control of weeds Use of high yielding varieties with improved production technology. Proper nursery raising techniques. Use of bio-control agents Developing proper intercropping pattern</p> <p>Soil and Seed treatment Proper storage of finished products</p> <p>Introduction of quality poultry germplasm. Adequate and hygienic shelter/housing Supplementary feeding for better growth and performance Vaccination</p> <p>Introduction of quality pig germplasm. Developing breeding unit of high performing breeds Creating awareness regarding performance and management of better germplasm</p> <p>Vaccination and health coverage measures. Feeding of Compounded mineral mixture instead of common salt only Deworming on regular intervals</p> <p>Breed improvement through selection and cross breeding Vaccination Deworming on regular intervals</p> <p>Liming in fish pond Introduction of quality fish breed</p>
2	Pfutsero	Pfutsero	Sakaraba	<p>Paddy</p> <p>Poor yield of local variety. Degrading soil fertility Stem borer infestation More time and labour consumption in weeding and thrashing of paddy Poor viability of seeds and</p>	<p>Introduction of high yielding varieties of paddy suitable for panikheti.</p> <p>Introduction of biofertilizers e.g. Rhizobium, Azotobacter, Azospirillum, Blue green algae, Azolla for nutrient</p>

				<p>loss due to improper storage Soil erosion, loss of fertility and degradation</p>	<p>management Use of suitable plant protection measures Introduction of improved paddy weeders and thrashers.</p>
				<p>Maize Poor yield and low quality of local variety Improper plant spacing with higher seed rate Drudgery in shelling of maize</p>	<p>Introduction of improved storage structure for cereals. Proper design of terrace, water harvesting, diversion, developing irrigation and drainage system for proper management of watershed area.</p>
				<p>Potato Low yield Non availability of quality planting material Cut worm, Red ants</p>	<p>Introduction of high yielding/hybride varieties Proper plant geometry and seed rate Use of maize shellers</p>
				<p>Banana Cultivation of wild type low quality banana cultivars. Improper training of plants.</p>	<p>Use of high yielding varieties and adoption of Integrated nutrient management to maintain the fertility status of soil. Introduction of TPS technology Use of suitable plant protection measures</p>
				<p>Passion fruit Improper planting, training and pruning Insect pest and disease infestation. Post harvest losses of fruits and vegetables</p>	<p>Introduction of high quality of banana cultivar such as Grand naine</p>
				<p>Pear, Peach &amp; plum Heavy weed infestation in the orchards Low yield and quality of pear peach and plum.</p>	<p>Improved production technology of passion fruit. Use of suitable plant protection measures Development capabilities of rural youth and women in the field of fruits and vegetables processing and value addition.</p>
				<p>Cabbage Improper nursery raising technique Insect and pest infestation. Mix cultivation resulting in hindrance for intercultural operations.</p>	<p>Control of weeds Use of high yielding varieties with improved production technology. Proper nursery raising techniques. Use of bio-control agents Developing proper intercropping pattern</p>
				<p>Ginger Rotting in field and as well as during storage</p>	<p>Soil and Seed treatment Proper storage of finished products</p>
				<p>Large cardamom High incidence of disease occurrence resulting in dyeing of plants High energy requirement in drying</p>	<p>Use of resistant varieties</p>
				<p>Poultry High epidemics of RD Low production performance of local breeds Non-availability of piglets in the locality</p>	<p>Proper designing of driers</p>
				<p>Piggery Tendency of the farmers to produce pork on zero to negligible inputs</p>	<p>Introduction of quality poultry germplasm. Adequate and hygienic shelter/housing Supplementary feeding for better growth and performance Vaccination</p>
				<p>Cattle Poor milk production of local breed, Thotho Epidemics of FMD Parasitic infestation in young calves</p>	<p>Introduction of quality pig germplasm.</p>

						<p>Developing breeding unit of high performing breeds Creating awareness regarding performance and management of better germplasm</p> <p>Breed improvement through selection and cross breeding Vaccination Deworming on regular intervals</p>
3	Pfutsero	Pfutsero	Gidemi	<p>Paddy</p> <p>Maize</p> <p>Potato</p> <p>Banana</p> <p>Passion fruit</p> <p>Mandarin</p> <p>Pear, Peach &amp; plum</p> <p>Ginger</p> <p>Poultry</p> <p>Piggery</p>	<p>Poor yield of local variety. Degrading soil fertility Stem borer infestation More time and labour consumption in weeding and thrashing of paddy Poor viability of seeds and loss due to improper storage Soil erosion, loss of fertility and degradation</p> <p>Poor yield and low quality of local variety Improper plant spacing with higher seed rate Drudgery in shelling of maize</p> <p>Low yield Non availability of quality planting material Cut worm, Red ants</p> <p>Cultivation of wild type low quality banana cultivars. Improper training of plants.</p> <p>Improper planting, training and pruning</p> <p>Insect pest and disease infestation. Post harvest losses of fruits and vegetables</p> <p>Improper spacing Insect pest and disease management</p> <p>Heavy weed infestation in the orchards Low yield and quality of pear peach and plum.</p> <p>Rotting in field and as well as during storage</p> <p>Low production performance of existing birds No provision of night shelter and unhygienic dwellings Improper feeding</p> <p>High epidemics of RD</p>	<p>Introduction of high yielding varieties of paddy suitable for panikheti. Introduction of biofertilizers e.g. Rhizobium, Azotobacter, Azospirillum, Blue green algae, Azolla for nutrient management Use of suitable plant protection measures Introduction of improved paddy weeders and thrashers.</p> <p>Introduction of improved storage structure for cereals. Proper design of terrace, water harvesting, diversion, developing irrigation and drainage system for proper management of watershed area.</p> <p>Introduction of high yielding/hybride varieties Proper plant geometry and seed rate Use of maize shellers</p> <p>Use of high yielding varieties and adoption of Integrated nutrient management to maintain the fertility status of soil. Introduction of TPS technology Use of suitable plant protection measures</p> <p>Introduction of high quality of banana cultivar such as Grand naine</p> <p>Improved production technology of passion fruit. Use of suitable plant protection measures Development capabilities of rural youth and women in the field of fruits and vegetables processing and value addition. Proper plant geometry Integrated pest and disease management</p> <p>Control of weeds Use of high yielding varieties with improved production technology.</p> <p>Soil and Seed treatment</p>

				Cattle	<p>Low production performance of local breeds Non-availability of piglets in the locality Tendency of the farmers to produce pork on zero to negligible inputs</p> <p>Poor milk production of local breed, Thotho</p> <p>Epidemics of FMD Parasitic infestation in young calves</p>	<p>Proper storage of finished products</p> <p>Introduction of quality poultry germplasm. Adequate and hygienic shelter/housing Supplementary feeding for better growth and performance Vaccination</p> <p>Introduction of quality pig germplasm. Developing breeding unit of high performing breeds Creating awareness regarding performance and management of better germplasm</p> <p>Breed improvement through selection and cross breeding Vaccination Deworming on regular intervals</p>
4	Pfutsero	Pfutsero	Pfutseromi	Paddy	<p>Poor yield of local variety. Degrading soil fertility Stem borer infestation More time and labour consumption in weeding and thrashing of paddy Poor viability of seeds and loss due to improper storage Soil erosion, loss of fertility and degradation</p>	<p>Introduction of high yielding varieties of paddy suitable for panikhethi. Introduction of biofertilizers e.g. Rhizobium, Azotobacter, Azospirillum, Blue green algae, Azolla for nutrient management Use of suitable plant protection measures Introduction of improved paddy weeders and thrashers.</p>
				Maize	<p>Poor yield and low quality of local variety Improper plant spacing with higher seed rate Drudgery in shelling of maize</p>	<p>Introduction of improved storage structure for cereals. Proper design of terrace, water harvesting, diversion, developing irrigation and drainage system for proper management of watershed area.</p>
				Potato	<p>Low yield Non availability of quality planting material Cut worm, Red ants</p>	<p>Introduction of high yielding/hybride varieties Proper plant geometry and seed rate Use of maize shellers</p>
				Banana	<p>Cultivation of wild type low quality banana cultivars. Improper training of plants.</p>	<p>Use of high yielding varieties and adoption of Integrated nutrient management to maintain the fertility status of soil. Introduction of TPS technology Use of suitable plant protection measures</p>
				Passion fruit	<p>Improper planting, training and pruning Insect pest and disease infestation. Post harvest losses of fruits and vegetables</p>	<p>Introduction of high quality of banana cultivar such as Grand naine</p>
				Pear, Peach & plum	<p>Heavy weed infestation in the orchards Low yield and quality of pear peach and plum.</p>	<p>Improved production technology of passion fruit. Use of suitable plant protection measures Development capabilities of</p>
				Ginger	<p>Rotting in field and as well as during storage</p>	

				<p>Poultry</p> <p>Piggery</p> <p>Cattle</p>	<p>Low production performance of existing birds No provision of night shelter and unhygienic dwellings Improper feeding</p> <p>High epidemics of RD Low production performance of local breeds Non-availability of piglets in the locality Tendency of the farmers to produce pork on zero to negligible inputs</p> <p>Poor milk production of local breed, Thotho</p> <p>Epidemics of FMD Parasitic infestation in young calves</p>	<p>rural youth and women in the field of fruits and vegetables processing and value addition. Control of weeds Use of high yielding varieties with improved production technology.</p> <p>Soil and Seed treatment Proper storage of finished products</p> <p>Introduction of quality poultry germplasm/new kind of bird like turkey Adequate and hygienic shelter/housing Supplementary feeding for better growth and performance Vaccination</p> <p>Introduction of quality pig germplasm. Developing breeding unit of high performing breeds Creating awareness regarding performance and management of better germplasm</p> <p>Breed improvement through selection and cross breeding Vaccination Deworming on regular intervals</p>
5	Chazuba	Kikrumba	Thipuzu	<p>Maize</p> <p>Paddy</p> <p>Potato</p> <p>Banana</p>	<p>Poor yield and low quality of local variety Improper plant spacing with higher seed rate Drudgery in shelling of maize</p> <p>Poor yield of local variety. Degrading soil fertility</p> <p>Stem borer infestation More time and labour consumption in weeding and thrashing of paddy Poor viability of seeds and loss due to improper storage Soil erosion, loss of fertility and degradation</p> <p>Low yield</p> <p>Non availability of quality planting material Cut worm, Red ants</p> <p>Cultivation of wild type low quality banana cultivars. Improper training of plants.</p> <p>Improper planting, training and</p>	<p>Introduction of high yielding/hybride varieties Proper plant geometry and seed rate Use of maize shellers</p> <p>Introduction of high yielding varieties of paddy suitable for panikheti. Introduction of biofertilizers e.g. Rhizobium, Azotobacter, Azospirillum, Blue green algae, Azolla for nutrient management Use of suitable plant protection measures Introduction of improved paddy weeders and thrashers.</p> <p>Introduction of improved storage structure for cereals. Proper design of terrace, water harvesting, diversion, developing irrigation and drainage system for proper management of watershed area.</p> <p>Use of high yielding varieties and adoption of Integrated nutrient management to maintain the fertility status of soil. Introduction of TPS technology Use of suitable plant</p>

				<p>Passion fruit</p> <p>Kiwi, Pear, Peach &amp; plum</p> <p>Ginger</p> <p>Poultry</p> <p>Piggery</p> <p>Cattle</p> <p>Farm implements</p>	<p>pruning Insect pest and disease infestation. Post harvest losses of fruits and vegetables</p> <p>Heavy weed infestation in the orchards Low yield and quality of pear peach and plum.</p> <p>Rotting in field and as well as during storage</p> <p>Low production performance of existing birds</p> <p>No provision of night shelter and unhygienic dwellings Improper feeding</p> <p>High epidemics of RD</p> <p>Low production performance of local breeds Non-availability of piglets in the locality Tendency of the farmers to produce pork on zero to negligible inputs</p> <p>Poor milk production of local breed, Thotho Epidemics of FMD Parasitic infestation in young calves</p> <p>Lack of improved tools and implements</p>	<p>protection measures</p> <p>Introduction of high quality of banana cultivar such as Grand naine</p> <p>Improved production technology of passion fruit. Use of suitable plant protection measures Development capabilities of rural youth and women in the field of fruits and vegetables processing and value addition. Control of weeds Use of high yielding varieties with improved production technology.</p> <p>Soil and Seed treatment Proper storage of finished products</p> <p>Introduction of quality poultry germplasm/new kind of bird like turkey Adequate and hygienic shelter/housing Supplementary feeding for better growth and performance Vaccination</p> <p>Introduction of quality pig germplasm. Developing breeding unit of high performing breeds Creating awareness regarding performance and management of better germplasm</p> <p>Breed improvement through selection and cross breeding Vaccination Deworming on regular intervals Introduction of power tiller and other tools and implements for hill agriculture</p>
6	Pfutsero	Pfutsero	Chizami,	Rice	Stem borer infestation	<p>Introduction of trichocards Introduction of QPM and cob borer management Introduction of high yielding variety IPM in apple</p> <p>Disease management in Mithun Disease management in pig</p> <p>Disease management in Poultry</p>
7	Pfutsero	Pfutsero	Thetsumi	Maize	Cob borer infestation	
8	Pfutsero	Pfutsero	Enhulumi	Potato	Wilting, Poor quality planting material	
9	Pfutsero	Pfutsero	Lehromi	Apple	Trunk borer infestation	
10	Chazuba	Chazuba	Chesezu Nasa	Mithun	FMD, Parasitic infestation	
				Pig	Swine fever, FMD, mange	
				Poultry	RD, Pox, IBD and parasitic infestation	

**Priority thrust areas (prioritized in sync with thrust areas identified and given above)**

Rank	Thrust area
1.	Evaluation of SRI technology.
2.	Popularization QPM technology
3.	Nutritional management in rabbit
4.	Adequate Livestock and poultry health coverage measures
5.	Adoption of Integrated nutrient management to maintain the fertility status of soil.
6.	Introduction of biofertilizers e.g. Rhizobium, Azotobacter, Azospirillum, Blue green algae, Azolla for nutrient management
7.	Production technology for Cole crops
8.	Protected cultivation technology
9.	Introduction of high yielding varieties of kiwi
10.	Insect pest and disease management in fruits and vegetables
11.	Improved production technology on temperate fruits
12.	Proper design of terrace, water harvesting and diversion, irrigation and drainage system for proper management of watershed area
13.	Development capabilities of rural youth and women in the field of fruits and vegetables processing and value addition.
14.	Farm mechanization

**PART – II**  
**(OFT AND FLD)**

**2. Technical activities proposed**

**Abstract of interventions to be undertaken during 2012-13 (Target)**

No	Thrust area	Crop/ Enterprise	Identified Problem	Interventions (if any)					
				Title of OFT	Title of FLD	Title of Training	Title of training for extension personnel	Extension activities	Supply of seeds, planting materials
1	Nutrient management	bean	Low productivity	Biofertilizer application in bean	-	Use of biofertilizer	-	Folder on Use of biofertilizer, field day	Seeds, biofertilizer
2	Nutrient management	French bean	Low productivity, poor quality seeds.	Nutrient management in French bean through organic sources	-	Use of organic sources in French bean	-	Folder on Use of organic sources in French bean, field day.	Seeds, vermicompost, NADEP compost, Azolla compost
3	Nutrient management	Potato	Poor availability of soil phosphorus, lack of quality tubers	-	Biofertilizer application on potato.	Use of biofertilizer	-	Folder on Use of biofertilizer, field day	Biofertilizer, potato tubers.
4	Processing	local Mushroom	Not processed	Value addition of local mushroom	-	Preparation of mushroom products	-	Demonstration	Supply of and ingredients.
5	Processing	Local Banana	Spoilage due to surplus production	-	Value addition of local banana	Preparation of banana jelly and cake	-	Demonstration	Supply of ingredients
6	Introduction of variety	Cabbage	Low price of existing variety.	Performance of red cabbage under Phek district		Production technology of cabbage.	-	Demonstration and field day	seeds
7	Popularization of variety	Cauliflower	Not cultivated		Popularization of cauliflower var. Snowball under Phek district	Production technology on cauliflower	-	Demonstration and field day	Seeds
8	Varietal evaluation	Kiwi	Non availability of pure varieties	Performance of kiwi varieties under Phek district		Kiwi- A potential fruit for North east	-	Demonstration	Planting materials
9	Popularization of mushroom	Mushroom	Lack of availability of wild mushroom, incidence of poisoning	-	Popularization of oyster mushroom	Oyster Mushroom production for income generation	-	Demonstration and field day	Spawn, Polybags
10	IPM in cabbage	Cabbage	Severe cutworm infestation at seedling stage	Effect of derisom (extract of <i>deris indica</i> ) and neem oil for cutworm management in cabbage	-	Insect pest management in cabbage	-	Demonstration	Seeds, Biopesticides

11	IPM in Cauliflower	Cauliflower	Aphid infestation in Cauliflower during rabi season		Organic control of aphid using tobacco in cauliflower	IPM in Cauliflower	-	Demonstration and field day	Seeds, Biopesticides
12	Balanced nutrition in rabbit	Rabbit	Low growth weight	Performance of rabbit under concentrated pallet feeding		Feeding management in rabbit	-	Demonstration	Concentrated pallets
13	Nutrition in poultry	Poultry	Low body weight gain	Performance of poultry under QPM feeding		Feeding management in poultry	-	Demonstration	QPM
14	Disease management	Mithun	occurrence of FMD in mithun resulting in economic loss	-	Demonstration on FMD vaccination in Mithun	Prevention and control of FMD in Mithun	-	Demonstration	FMD vaccine
15	Disease management	Piggery	Ecto-endo parasitic infestation in pig	-	Demonstration on anthelmintic treatment of pigs	Deworming of pig for better performance	-	Demonstration	Piperazine anthelmintics
16	Farm mechanization and drudgery reduction	Paddy	Drudgery involved and no proper crop geometry	Performance of manual rice transplanter		Improved agriculture implements and tools	-	Demonstration and field day	-
17	Farm mechanization	Soil	Drudgery reduction and farm mechanization	-	Demonstration on Mould board plough	Improved agriculture implements and tools	-	Demonstration and field day	-
18	Low yield	Paddy	low yield	Performance of SRI		Introduction to SRI technology for high yield	-	Demonstration	
19	growth and yield	Groundnut	Varietal trail	-	Growth and yield of groundnut Var JL24		-	Demonstration and field day	groundnut Var JL 24
20	growth and yield	Soybean	Varietal trail	-	Growth and yield of Soybean Var JS 335		-	Demonstration and field day	Var JS 335

**Notes (to be strictly followed in formulation of OFTs):**

Technology Assessment refers to any technology (preferably new) going for assessment through OFT for the first time in a micro location.

Technology Refinement refers to an already assessed technology getting refined through OFT to suit micro location needs for later demonstration.

*If any OFT is proposed for refinement, kindly mention whether the technology was assessed earlier or not. If not, provide reasons.*

Technologies older than 5 years have to be preferably avoided for OFTs

**Examples:**

Technology selected for assessment (and/or) refinement (Ex: Rice Var: XXXXXX)

Source of technology with year of release (Ex: ICAR RC NEH, Barapani, 2007)

Production system and thematic area (Ex: Crop production & Weed management)

Performance indicators of the technology (Ex: Yield, Shelf life etc)

**Details of On Farm Trials to be undertaken during 2012-13 (Target)**

Crop/ enterprise	Farming situation	Problem Diagnosed	Title of OFT	Assessment/ Refinement (WRITE A / R)	No. of trials*
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bean	Rainfed	Low productivity	Biofertilizer application on bean	R	3
French bean	Rainfed	Low productivity, poor quality seeds.	Application of organic sources for nutrient management in French bean	A	3
local Mushroom	Rainfed	Not processed	Value addition of local mushroom	A	3
Cabbage	Rainfed	Low price of existing variety	Performance of red cabbage under Phek district	A	3
Kiwi	Rainfed	Non availability of pure varieties	Performance of kiwi varieties under Phek district	A	3
Cabbage	Rainfed	High incidence of cut worm infestation after transplanting of seedlings	Effect of derisom (extract of <i>derris indica</i> ) and neem oil for cutworm management in cabbge	A	5
Rabbit	Intensive	Low body weight	Performance of rabbit under concentrated pallet feeding	A	4
Poultry	Semi intensive	poor growth due to low quality local maize	Performance of poultry under QPM feeding	A	4
Paddy	Rainfed	Drudgery involved, farm machanization	Performance of manual rice transplanter	A	2
Paddy	Rainfed	Low yield	Performance of SRI	A	1

\* No. of farmers

Technology assessed/refined	Year of release of technology	Whether the technology is latest one available? (Y/N)*	If NO, then reason for using the old technology for OFT (in detail)	Parameters of assessment
6				7
R	2002, State Agriculture Deptt. Nagaland	N	Not inintroduced	Growth and yield parameters
A	ICAR	N	Organic sources are available but not use in scientific method	Growth and yield parameters
A	AAU	Y		Drying of mushroom and preparation of products. Organoleptical test of products for shelf life
A	ICAR	y		growth and yield
A	ICAR	y		growth and yield
A	AAU	Y		% infestation, yield
A	AAU	Y		growth performance
A	DMR, ICAR	Y		growth performance
A	ICAR	N	Not introduced in the district	Field capacity of operation and growth parameters
A	ICAR	Y		Growth and yield attributes

• = The technology should be less than 5 years old.

## Frontline Demonstrations

Details of FLDs to be implemented during 2012-13 (Information is to be furnished in the following three tables for each category i.e. cereals, horticultural crops, oilseeds, pulses, cotton and commercial crops.)

**Notes (to be strictly followed in formulation of FLDs):**

FLDs are conducted only on proven technologies.

FLDs are conducted on previously assessed/refined technologies which are found suitable for the KVK district.

Only latest technologies have to be selected for FLDs (Preferably less than 5 years old).

**Examples:** Same as in case of OFTs

### A. Cereal Crops

No.	Crop	Thematic area	Technology to be Demonstrated	Season and year	Whether the technology assessed/refined by KVK earlier (Y/N)?	If not, how the technology was proven as suitable for FLD in the district?	Area (ha)	No. of farmers/demonstration		
							Proposed	SC/ST	Others	Total

### B. Oilseed crops

No.	Crop	Thematic area	Technology to be Demonstrated	Season and year	Whether the technology assessed/refined by KVK earlier (Y/N)?	If not, how the technology was proven as suitable for FLD in the district?	Area (ha)	No. of farmers/demonstration		
							Proposed	SC/ST	Others	Total
1.	Groundnut	Varietal trail	Growth and yield of groundnut Var JL 24	Kharif, 2012	y		1	10	10	20

### C. Pulse Crops

No.	Crop	Thematic area	Technology to be Demonstrated	Season and year	Whether the technology assessed/refined by KVK earlier (Y/N)?	If not, how the technology was proven as suitable for FLD in the district?	Area (ha)	No. of farmers/demonstration		
							Proposed	SC/ST	Others	Total
1.	Soyabean	Varietal trail	Growth and yield of groundnut Var JS 335	Kharif, 2012	y		1	10	10	20

#### D. Horticultural Crops

No.	Crop	Thematic area	Technology to be Demonstrated	Season and year	Whether the technology assessed/refined by KVK earlier (Y/N)?	If not, how the technology was proven as suitable for FLD in the district?	Area (ha)		No. of farmers/demonstration		
							Proposed	SC/ST	Others	Total	
1.	Potato	Nutrient management	Biofertilizer application on potato	February, 2013	Y	NA	1	3		3	
2.	Cauliflower	Popularization of variety	cauliflower var. Snowball	Rabi 2012	Y	NA	0.5	5		5	
3.	Cauliflower	Pest management	Bio-pesticide-Tobacco extract	Rabi 2012	Y	NA	0.5	3		3	

#### Extension and Training activities proposed under FLD

No.	Activity	No. of activities	Tentative Date	Number of participants	Remarks
1.	Training cum demonstration, Field day	2	15/01/13 27/07/13	25	Performance of biofertilizer will shown to the farmers
2.	Training cum demonstration, Field day	2	20/9/12 15/1/13	20	5 farmers will be selected for FLD programme
3.	Training cum method demonstration, field day	2	5/11/12 2/12/12	15	Method for tobacco extract preparation will be demonstrated to the farmers.

#### (i) Farm Implements:

No.	Crop	Thematic area	Name of the implement	Season and year	Whether the technology assessed/refined by KVK earlier (Y/N)?	If not, how the technology was proven as suitable for the district?	Area (ha)		No. of farmers/demonstration		
							Proposed	SC/ST	Others	Total	
1.	Paddy	Drudge reduction	Mould board plough	Kharif 2012	N	machineries	1			1	

**(ii) Livestock Enterprises:**

Enterprises	Breed	No. of farmers	No. of animals, poultry birds etc.	Performance parameters / indicators	* Data on parameter in relation to technology demonstrated		% change in the parameter	Remarks
					Demon.	Local check		
Mithun	Local	50	200	Incidence Antibody titre				
Piggery	Local	10	50	Parasitic load				

\* Milk production, meat production, egg production, reduction in disease incidence etc.

**(iii) Other Enterprises:**

Enterprise	Variety/ breed/Species/others	No. of farmers	No. of Units	Performance parameters / indicators	Data on parameter in relation to technology demonstrated		% change in the parameter	Remarks
					Demon.	Local check		
Mushroom	Oyster	5	250	Yield/unit	Days to pin head formation, yield/unit			
Apiary								
Sericulture								
Vermi-compost								
Banana	Local	3	-		Organoleptical test for Shelf life of products	duration of the products for shelf life		

**PART – III**

**(TRAINING PROGRAMMES)**

**3. Details of proposed training programmes (Including the sponsored and FLD training programmes)**

**Note: The proportion of SC and ST participants for all training programmes should match with their proportion in the population of the KVK district.**

**On Campus**

Thematic area	Courses (No)	No. of participants									Grand Total
		Others			SC			ST			
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
<b>(A) Farmers &amp; Farm Women</b>											
<b>I Crop Production</b>											
Weed Management											
Nutrient Management											
Resource Conservation Technologies											
Cropping Systems											
Crop Diversification											
Integrated Farming systems											
Water management											
Seed production											
Nursery management											
Integrated Crop Management											
Fodder production											
Production of organic inputs											
<b>II Horticulture</b>											
<b>a) Vegetable Crops</b>											
Production of low volume and high value crops											
Off-season vegetables											
Nursery raising	1							20	10	30	30
Exotic vegetables production	1							15	10	25	25













Rejuvenation of old orchards											
Protected cultivation technology											
Formation and Management of SHGs											
Group Dynamics and farmers organizations											
Information networking among farmers											
Capacity building for ICT application											
Care and maintenance of farm machinery and implements											
WTO and IPR issues											
Management in farm animals											
Livestock feed and fodder production											
Household food security											
Women and Child care											
Low cost and nutrient efficient diet designing											
Production and use of organic inputs											
Gender mainstreaming through SHGs											
Any other (Pl. Specify)											
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>6</b>							<b>75</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>125</b>

**Off Campus**

Thematic area	Courses (No)	No. of participants									
		Others			SC			ST			Grand Total
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
<b>(A) Farmers &amp; Farm Women</b>											
<b>I Crop Production</b>											
Weed Management	2							20	30	50	50
Nutrient Management	1							10	15	25	25
Resource Conservation Technologies	1							15	10	25	25
Cropping Systems											
Crop Diversification	1							15	10	25	25
Integrated Farming systems	2							20	30	50	50
Water management											
Seed production	1							10	15	25	25
Nursery management											
Integrated Crop Management	1							10	15	25	25
Fodder production	1							10	15	25	25
Production of organic inputs											
<b>II Horticulture</b>											
<b>a) Vegetable Crops</b>											
Production of low volume and high value crops	1							10	15	25	25
Off-season vegetables											
Nursery raising											
Exotic vegetables production											
Production of export potential vegetables											
Grading and standardization											
Protective cultivation (Green Houses, Shade Net etc.)	1							15	10	25	25
<b>b) Fruits</b>											
Training											













machinery and implements											
WTO and IPR issues											
Management in farm animals											
Livestock feed and fodder production											
Household food security											
Women and Child care											
Low cost and nutrient efficient diet designing											
Production and use of organic inputs	1						10	05	15	15	
Gender mainstreaming through SHGs											
Any other (Pl. Specify)											
Total	3						30	20	50	50	
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>67</b>						<b>833</b>	<b>797</b>	<b>1630</b>	<b>1630</b>	

**Consolidated table (On + Off + Sponsored + Vocational)**

Thematic area	Courses (No)	No. of participants									Grand Total	
		Others			SC			ST				
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total		
<b>(A) Farmers &amp; Farm Women</b>												
<b>I Crop Production</b>												
Weed Management	2						20	30	50	50		
Nutrient Management	1						10	15	25	25		
Resource Conservation Technologies	1						15	10	25	25		
Cropping Systems												
Crop Diversification	1						15	10	25	25		
Integrated Farming systems	2						20	30	50	50		
Water management												
Seed production	1						10	15	25	25		





Dairy Management											
Poultry Management	1							10	15	25	25
Piggery Management	2							20	25	45	45
Rabbit Management	1							10	15	25	25
Disease Management	2							20	25	45	45
Feed management	1							10	15	25	25
Production of quality animal products											
<b>V Home Science/Women empowerment</b>											
Household food security by nutrition gardening	1							10	15	25	25
Design and development of low/minimum cost diet											
Designing and development for high nutrient efficiency diet											
Minimization of nutrient loss in processing											
Gender mainstreaming through SHGs											
Storage loss minimization techniques											
Value addition	2							20	30	50	50
Income generation activities for empowerment of rural Women	1							05	20	25	25
Location specific drudgery reduction technologies	1							10	15	25	25
Rural Crafts											
Women and child care											
<b>VI Agricultural Engineering</b>											
Installation and maintenance of micro irrigation systems	2							30	20	50	50
Use of Plastics in farming practices	2							30	20	50	50
Production of small tools and implements	2							30	20	50	50
Repair and maintenance of farm machinery and	1							15	10	25	25



Bio-fertilizer production											
Vermicompost production	1						10	15	25	25	
Other Organic manures production	1						10	15	25	25	
Production of fry and fingerlings											
Production of Bee-colonies and wax sheets											
Small tools and implements											
Production of livestock feed and fodder											
Production of Fish feed											
<b>X Capacity Building and Group Dynamics</b>											
Leadership development in villages											
Managing Group dynamics											
Formation and Management of SHGs											
Mobilization of social capital in villages											
Entrepreneurial development of farmers/youths											
WTO and IPR issues											
<b>XI Agro-forestry</b>											
Production technologies											
Nursery management											
Integrated Farming Systems											
<b>XII Others (Pl. Specify)</b>											
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>53</b>						<b>640</b>	<b>660</b>	<b>1300</b>	<b>1300</b>	
<b>(B) RURAL YOUTH</b>											
Mushroom Production	2						40	10	50	50	
Bee-keeping	1						20	5	25	25	
Integrated farming											
Seed production	1						13	12	25	25	

Production of organic inputs	1							10	15	25	25
Integrated Farming	1							15	10	25	25
Planting material production											
Vermiculture	2							30	20	50	50
Sericulture											
Protected cultivation of vegetable crops											
Commercial fruit production	2							40	10	50	50
Repair and maintenance of farm machinery and implements	1							10	5	15	15
Nursery Management of Horticulture crops											
Training and pruning of orchards											
Value addition	2							20	30	50	50
Production of quality animal products											
Dairying											
Sheep and goat rearing	1							10	10	20	20
Quail farming											
Piggery	4							10	15	25	25
Rabbit farming	4							15	10	25	25
Poultry production											
Ornamental fisheries											
Training as Para vets											
Training as Para extension workers											
Composite fish culture											
Freshwater prawn culture											
Fish harvest and processing technology											
Fry and fingerling rearing											
Small scale processing	3							30	40	70	70
Post Harvest Technology	1							10	5	15	15

Tailoring and Stitching											
Rural Crafts	1							10	15	25	25
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>27</b>							<b>283</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>495</b>
<b>© Extension Personnel</b>											
Productivity enhancement in field crops											
Integrated Pest Management	1							10	10	20	20
Integrated Nutrient management											
Rejuvenation of old orchards	1							10	5	15	15
Protected cultivation technology											
Formation and Management of SHGs											
Group Dynamics and farmers organizations											
Information networking among farmers											
Capacity building for ICT application											
Care and maintenance of farm machinery and implements											
WTO and IPR issues											
Management in farm animals											
Livestock feed and fodder production											
Household food security											
Women and Child care											
Low cost and nutrient efficient diet designing											
Production and use of organic inputs	1							10	05	15	15
Gender mainstreaming through SHGs											
Any other (Pl. Specify)											
Total	<b>3</b>							<b>30</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>83</b>							<b>953</b>	<b>892</b>	<b>1845</b>	<b>1845</b>

**Vocational training programmes for Rural Youth :**

Crop / Enterprise	Identified Thrust Area	Training title*	Duration (days)	No. of Participants		
				Male	Female	Total
Vegetables and fruits	Processing	Processing of fruits and vegetables	4	10	10	20
Goattery	Production and management of goat	Breeding and management of goat	4	10	10	20

\*training title should specify the major technology /skill transferred

**Sponsored Training Programmes**

No	Title	Thematic area	Month	Duration (days)	Client	No. of courses	No. of Participants										Sponsor ing Agency
							Male			Female			Total				
					Others		SC	ST	Others	SC	ST	Others	SC	ST	Total		
1.	Piggery	popularization of breed	May	4	RY	4			10			15			25	25	NABARD
2.	Back yard rabbit farm in	popularization of breed	April	4	RY	4			15			10			25	25	NABARD
Total				8		8			25			25			50	50	



Soil test campaigns													
Farm Science Club Conveners meet	1	20	10	30							20	10	30
Self Help Group Conveners meetings													
Mahila Mandals Conveners meetings													
Celebration of important days (specify)	3	140	100	240							140	100	240
Any Other (Specify)													
<b>Total</b>	415	480	360	840	10	5	15	110	60	170	600	355	1025
<b>M=Male</b>	<b>F=Female</b>	<b>T=Total</b>											

**Proposed production and supply of Technological products**

**Seed materials:**

Sl. No.	Crop	Variety	Proposed Quantity (qtl.)	Value (Rs.)	To be provided to (No. of Farmers)
<b>Cereals</b>					
<b>Oilseeds</b>					
<b>Pulses</b>					
<b>Vegetables</b>					

<b>Flower Crops</b>					
<b>Others (Specify)</b>					

**Planting materials:**

Sl. No.	Crop	Variety	Quantity (Nos.)	Value (Rs.)	To be provided to (No. of Farmers)
<b>Fruits</b>	Kiwi	Hayward, Allison, Monty	500	37500	10
<b>Spices</b>					
<b>Vegetables</b>	Cauliflower	Snowball	2000	1000	5
	Cabbage	Red cabbage	1000	500	3
<b>Forest Species</b>					
<b>Ornamental Crops</b>					

<b>Plantation Crops</b>					
<b>Others (specify)</b>					
	Mushroom	oyster	250 units	5000	5

**Bioproducts :**

Sl. No.	Product Name	Species	Quantity		Value (Rs.)	To be provided to (No. of Farmers)
			No	(kg)		
	<b>Bioagents</b>					
1						
2						
3						
4						
	<b>Biofertilizers</b>					
1						
2						
3						
4						
	<b>Bio Pesticides</b>					
1						
2						
3						
4						

**Livestock :**

Sl. No.	Type	Breed	Quantity		Value (Rs.)	To be provided to (No. of Farmers)
			Nos	Kgs		
<b>Cattle</b>						
<b>Sheep and Goat</b>						
<b>Poultry</b>						
<b>Fisheries</b>						
<b>Others (Specify)</b>						
	Rabbits	Newszealand white	80	200	20000	30

**Literature proposed to be developed/ published**

Item	Title	Number
Research papers	Feeding management in rabbit	1
	Plant parts used as medicine by Chakhesang tribe of Phek district.	1
Technical reports		
News letters	"YIRHI DJU" Farming news	2
Technical bulletins	-	
Popular articles	Kiwi: A potential fruit for North east	1
	Bio pesticides for insect pest and disease management in crops	
Extension literature	1. Micro irrigation system 2. Production technology of radish and carrot 3. Pest management in Banana 4. Feeding management of rabbit 5. Management of goatery 6. Processing of wild apple 7. Management of problematic soil.	3
Others (Pl. specify)		
<b>Total</b>		<b>8</b>

**Details of Electronic Media proposed**

S. No.	Type of media (CD / VCD / DVD / Audio-Cassette)	Proposed title of the programme	Number

**Field activities proposed**

i. Number of villages to be adopted : 3

ii. No. of farm families to be selected :500

iii. No. of surveys/PRA to be conducted :3

**Proposed activities of Soil and Water Testing Laboratory:**

**Status of establishment of Lab :**

1. Year of establishment :
2. Details of samples to be analyzed :

Details	No. of Samples	No. of Farmers	No. of Villages
Soil Samples	100	25	1
Water Samples			
Total	100	25	1

**PART – V**

**(LINKAGES WITH OUTSIDE ORGANISATIONS)**

**5. Proposed Linkages**

**Functional linkage with different organizations**

Name of organization	Nature of linkage
1. NABARD	Financial
2. SAU	Technical
3. NGO	Technology transfer
4. Bank	Technical
5. District Line departments	Technical

Note: The nature of linkage should be indicated in terms of joint diagnostic survey, joint implementation, and participation in meeting, contribution for infrastructural development, conducting training programmes and demonstration or any other

**List special programmes to be undertaken by the KVK, financed by State Govt./Other Agencies (if any):**

Name of the scheme	Date/ Month of initiation	Funding agency	Amount (Rs.)


**Details of proposed linkage with ATMA**

a) Is ATMA implemented in your district (Yes/No): yes

S. No.	Programme	Nature of linkage proposed
1	Training and demonstration	Technical

**Give details of programmes implemented under National Horticultural Mission (if any) : NA**

S. No.	Programme	Nature of linkage proposed

**Nature of linkage with National Fisheries Development Board (if any): NA**

S. No.	Programme	Nature of linkage proposed



crops								
Floriculture								
Fruits								
Orange	March-April	March-April 2013	-	Khasi mandarin	Planting material	200Nos	500	2000
Vegetables								
Tomato	March-April	August-Sept	-	Rohini	Fruits	20kg	200	600
Others (Specify)								
<i>Ficus hookerii</i>	Feb-March	April –May 2013	-	<i>Ficus hookerii</i>	Planting material	2000 nos	7000	20000

**Proposed production Units (bio-agents / bio pesticides/ bio fertilizers etc..) :**

No.	Name of the Product	Qty	Amount (Rs.)	
			Cost of inputs	Gross income expected

**Performance of instructional farm (livestock and fisheries production) :**

No	Name of the animal / bird / aquatics	Details of expected production		
		Breed	Type of Produce	Qty expected
1	Rabbit	New Zealand Rabbit	Meat	50 Kg
2	Fish	Common crap	Meat	25 Kg



**PART – VII**

**(SUMMARY)**

**7. Summary**

**Targets for 2012-13 for KVK.Phek**

**On Farm Trials**

Thematic areas	Cereals	Pulses	Vegetables	Fruits	Others	Total
Nutrient management			2			2
Value addition			1			1
Varietal evaluation			1			1
Varietal evaluation				1		1
Insect pest management			1			1
Feeding management in rabbit					1	1
Feeding management in poultry					1	1
Drudgery reduction	1					1
Production technology	1					1
<b>Grand total</b>	<b>2</b>		<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>10</b>

**FLDs on oilseed and pulse crops.**

Name of KVK	Oilseeds		Pulses	
	Area (ha)	No. of farmers	Area (ha)	No. of farmers
	1	20	1	20
<b>Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>20</b>

--	--	--	--	--

### Training programmes

Area	Farmers/ farm women		Rural youth		Extension personnel	
	Courses	Participants	Courses	Participants	Courses	Participants
Crop Production	10	250	2	50		
Horticulture	7	180	2	50	1	15
Plant Protection	6	150	-	-	1	20
Home Science	5	125	6	145	1	15
Animal Science	7	135	9	70		
Soil Science	8	200	3	75		
Agri Engineering	10	250	2	30		
Bee Keeping			1	25		
Mushroom Cultivation			2	50		
Agro forestry						
Others i) Fishery						
ii) Agri.Extension						
<b>Total</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>1290</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>50</b>

### Extension Activities

Activity	Nos
Field days	6
Kisan Mela	1
Exhibition	1
Exposure visit	3
Extension literature	7
Scientist farmers' interaction	5

Ex-trainees meet	-
Advisory services	100
Newspaper coverage	8
TV show	-
Radio talk	5
Others (Kisan Gosthi)	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>136</b>

**Seed Production:**

KVK	Quantity (qtl)			
	Cereals	Oilseeds	Pulses	Vegetables
				1.0
<b>Total</b>				<b>1.0</b>

**Planting Materials :**

KVK	Quantity (nos)			
	Fruits	Vegetable Seedlings	Tree Species	Ornamental Plants
	200	3000	2000	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>3000</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>-</b>

Signature,  
Programme coordinator,

KVK, Phek

(Signature not needed in case of soft copy)

**Notes:**

The modalities for submission are available in the website [www.icarzc3.gov.in](http://www.icarzc3.gov.in). The same may be strictly followed.